# Gospel Gospel Kingdom

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## Introduction

"When you see these things happening, know that the kingdom of God is near" (Luke 21:31).

ur world desperately needs some good news.

Today's headlines are filled with bad news—wars raging around the globe; famines devastating entire countries; environmental catastrophes and natural disasters such as earthquakes, droughts and floods killing multiple thousands of people; grinding

poverty holding entire nations in its brutal grip; violent crime increasing in spite of man's best efforts to deal with it—the litany of tragedies, suffering and bad news is relentless.

Accidents and diseases kill thousands every day. Tragically, accidents, suicides and murder are leading causes of death among teenagers and young adults in economically and technologically advanced nations. Drug and alcohol abuse and sexual promiscuity are rampant, bringing epidemics of broken marriages, broken homes and broken lives.

Baffling new diseases spring up around the world, defying the best attempts of



Today's headlines are filled with bad news. The litany of tragedies, suffering and bad news is relentless.

scientists to contain or cure them. Other diseases, long thought to have been conquered by medical science, resurface with deadly vengeance, having grown resistant to the medications that easily cured them only a few decades ago.

Even religion, to which many look for solutions, is often a part of the problem. At any given time, wars and armed conflicts flare and burn, fanned by the fires of religious fervor. Wars are fought not only between major religions, but between sects of the same religion, supposedly out of devotion and service to the same God.

#### **Human existence threatened**

In the last century more than 150 million people were killed in war alone. Well over 100 million more died from diseases and natural disasters. Terrifying nuclear, chemical and biological weapons have the capability to annihilate armies—even entire nations—in seconds. Government leaders grow increasingly worried about such frightening weapons of mass destruction falling into the hands of terrorists who have shown they will stop at nothing to achieve their ends.

The Gospel of the Kingdom

Why do we see so much sadness, sorrow and suffering around us? Where is it all headed? Why is the world in such a precarious condition? With all this bad news, is there really any hope for the future of humanity?

Almost 2,000 years ago, Jesus Christ, the very Son of God, came to earth prophesying a wonderful future for humanity after an intense period of earthshaking calamities. His message, called "the gospel," means "good news"—the very good news the world so desperately needs.

But what exactly is this *good news*—this *gospel*—Jesus Christ preached? Is it only a wonderful story about Jesus Christ's birth, life, activities, death for our sins and resurrection? Certainly these are an integral part of the good news of God's plan for humanity (Mark 1:1). But there is so much more to His message.

#### A message of salvation

We will see that the good news Jesus Christ brought is not just a message about His life and death leading to our salvation; His message also concerns the meaning of salvation and how He intends to save the human race from its present problems. The gospel reveals the glorious destiny of mankind!

Sadly, humankind has reduced the gospel to the story about the person of Jesus Christ while neglecting and overlooking the deeper and vastly more encompassing message He brought. He most certainly brought good news—the most wonderful news this tired, troubled world can hear!

An entire section of the New Testament is devoted to the historical record of the message Jesus Christ taught while on earth. This portion of the Bible, appropriately called "the Gospels," comprises the first four books of the New Testament: Matthew, Mark, Luke and John. The writers of these accounts all tell us that Jesus' primary message was the gospel of the Kingdom of God.

Mark tells us: "Jesus came to Galilee, preaching the gospel of the kingdom of God, and saying, 'The time is fulfilled, and the kingdom of God is at hand. Repent, and believe in the gospel'" (Mark 1:14-15, emphasis added throughout). "The gospel of the Kingdom of God" is the message Jesus Christ instructs His followers to believe. This booklet will help you understand and believe this wonderful good news Jesus Christ announced to humanity!

# The Good News of the Kingdom of God

"Now after John was put in prison, Jesus came to Galilee, preaching the gospel of the kingdom of God, and saying, 'The time is fulfilled, and the kingdom of God is at hand. Repent, and believe in the gospel'" (Mark 1:14-15).

he theme of Jesus Christ's message was the good news of the Kingdom of God. This is made clear by Matthew, Mark and Luke. Luke records Christ in His own words describing His purpose: "I must preach the kingdom of God to the other cities also, because for this purpose I have been sent" (Luke 4:43).

Mark relates that, at the beginning of His ministry, "Jesus came to Galilee, preaching the gospel of the kingdom of God" (Mark 1:14).

Matthew tells us, "Jesus began to preach and to say, 'Repent, for the kingdom of heaven is at hand' . . . And Jesus went about all Galilee, teaching in their synagogues, preaching the gospel of the kingdom" (Matthew 4:17, 23).

Luke 8:1 confirms that Jesus Christ did exactly what He said He would: "Now it came to pass, afterward, that He went through every city and village, preaching and bringing the glad tidings [the gospel, or good news] of the kingdom of God."

This message of the Kingdom was the heart and core of Christ's teaching from the very beginning. Together, the Gospels of Matthew, Mark, Luke and John use the term "kingdom of God" in 53 verses. The gospel Jesus Christ brought is clearly about this Kingdom.

#### Others told to spread this message

What about His disciples? What did He command them to preach? "Then He called His twelve disciples together and gave them power and authority over all demons, and to cure diseases. He sent them to preach the kingdom of God and to heal the sick" (Luke 9:1-2).

Later He instructed others to proclaim this same message. "After these things the Lord appointed seventy others also, and sent them two by two before His face into every city and place where He Himself was about to go." He instructed the 70 to proclaim, "The kingdom of God

has come near to you" (Luke 10:1, 9).

The Kingdom of God was clearly the theme of Christ's ministry. In the Sermon on the Mount, one of the most familiar examples of His message, He pointed His followers toward the Kingdom. He began His message with, "Blessed are the poor in spirit, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven ... Blessed are those who are persecuted for righteousness' sake, for theirs is the kingdom of heaven" (Matthew 5:3, 10).

Christ told His followers of the importance of obedience to God's law in entering this Kingdom: "Whoever therefore breaks one of the least of these commandments, and teaches men so, shall be called least in the kingdom of heaven; but whoever does and teaches them, he shall be called great in the kingdom of heaven. For I say to you, that unless your righteousness exceeds the righteousness of the scribes and Pharisees, you will by no means enter the kingdom of heaven" (Matthew 5:19-20).

He also warned that we must be submissive to God's will to enter the Kingdom: "Not everyone who says to Me, 'Lord, Lord,' shall enter the kingdom of heaven, but he who does the will of My Father in heaven" (Matthew 7:21).

He taught His followers to pray "Your kingdom come" (Matthew 6:10). And notice this! He commanded them to "seek first the kingdom of God

#### **Other Names for the Kingdom**

Ithough most often called the "Kingdom of kingdom on earth, for which Christ's followers AGod," other terms are sometimes used in are to pray (Matthew 6:10). describing the Kingdom. Three of the writers of term "Kingdom of God" to refer to it by name.

sively by Matthew, with 32 references in his he also calls it "the kingdom of Christ and God" account of Jesus Christ. However, he uses the terms "kingdom of God" and "kingdom of loving relationship between God the Father and heaven" interchangeably. In Matthew 19:23-24, he uses the terms in consecutive verses. Son of His love" (Colossians 1:13). clearly implying that they were synonymous. Often he calls it simply "the Kingdom."

heaven"? Not because it's limited to heaven, but because heaven is where God is, as Jesus Christ is our Lord and Master now, and He will Christ made plain (Matthew 5:34, 45, 48). reign supreme in the coming Kingdom (Revela-Matthew makes it clear that the Kingdom was tion 17:14; 19:16). As Savior of mankind, He not, at that time, an earthly monarchy like the is "the door" and "the way" by which we have kingdoms around them. However, he under- access to God the Father and salvation in God's stood that it would eventually come as a literal Kingdom (John 10:9; 14:6).

The Gospel of the Kingdom

The apostle Paul usually refers to it as "the the Gospels-Mark, Luke and John-use the kingdom of God." However, acknowledging the role of Jesus Christ as the Ruler of that Kingdom "Kingdom of heaven" is a term used exclu- and the way by which we enter that Kingdom, (Ephesians 5:5). He also expresses the deep, Jesus Christ by calling it "the kingdom of the

The apostle Peter, also acknowledging the centrality of Christ's role in the Kingdom, refers Why did Matthew call it "the kingdom of to it as "the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ" (2 Peter 1:11). Jesus

and His righteousness" (Matthew 6:33). Seeking to enter the Kingdom of God should be our top priority.

Time and time again He used parables to illustrate aspects of the Kingdom (Matthew 13, 20, 22, 25; Luke 13, 19). In some of His last words before His crucifixion, He remarked to His disciples that He would not partake of the Passover symbols until He would once again do so "with you in My Father's kingdom" (Matthew 26:29).

Over a 40-day period immediately after His death and resurrection, Jesus Christ was seen by His followers. Notice that even then He continued "speaking of the things pertaining to the kingdom of God" (Acts 1:3).

#### What message did Christ's followers preach?

Jesus Christ was not the only one to proclaim this message. Before Jesus began His ministry, John the Baptist commanded people to repent, announcing that "the kingdom of heaven is at hand!" (Matthew 3:2).

As we have seen, Jesus' ministry centered on the Kingdom. In keeping with Christ's direction, His disciples continued to proclaim the Kingdom after His crucifixion.

The importance of Jesus Christ's life, sacrifice and resurrection was a vital part of the message taught by the apostles. The apostle Peter made this clear in his first public preaching on the very day the Church began with the miraculous outpouring of the Holy Spirit (Acts 2:22-24, 36).

Peter also spoke of the broader concepts of the Kingdom of God in his ministry. In 2 Peter 1:10-11 we read, "Therefore, brethren, be even more diligent to make your calling and election sure, for if you do these things you will never stumble; for so an entrance will be supplied to you abundantly into the everlasting kingdom of our Lord and Savior Jesus Christ."

Notice, too, that people requested baptism as a result of Philip's message about the Kingdom. "But when they believed Philip as he preached the things concerning the kingdom of God and the name of Jesus Christ, both men and women were baptized" (Acts 8:12).

#### Paul proclaimed the Kingdom of God

What about the apostle Paul? The book of Acts records that early in his ministry, as he raised up congregations in various cities, he "strengthen[ed] the souls of the disciples, exhorting them to continue in the faith, and saying, 'We must through many tribulations enter the kingdom of God" (Acts 14:22). Later, in Ephesus, "he went into the synagogue and spoke boldly for three months, reasoning and persuading concerning the things of the kingdom of God" (Acts 19:8).

Paul described his own preaching in Corinth as relating to "the kingdom of God" (1 Corinthians 4:20). He referred to himself and his companions as "fellow workers for the kingdom of God" (Colossians 4:11).

The Gospel of the Kingdom

When under house arrest in Rome near the end of his ministry, Paul received a number of visitors, "to whom he explained and solemnly testified of the kingdom of God, persuading them concerning Jesus from both the Law of Moses and the Prophets, from morning till evening" (Acts 28:23). Notice that Paul used the Old Testament Scriptures—"the Law of Moses and the Prophets"—to preach about both the Kingdom of God and Jesus Christ.

Paul is misrepresented as preaching a gospel about only the life, death and resurrection of Christ. The reality, however, is that Paul preached a message about both Jesus Christ and the Kingdom of God. The last verse of the book of Acts describes Paul "preaching the kingdom of God and teaching the things which concern the Lord Jesus Christ" (Acts 28:31).

Those who followed in Jesus Christ's footsteps taught the same message He taught. The book of Acts and the apostles' letters to the early Church make it clear that they taught about the Kingdom of God.

#### The gospel before Jesus Christ

Some have assumed the gospel was first introduced by Jesus Christ in His earthly ministry. The gospel, however, is much older than that. It is called "the everlasting gospel" (Revelation 14:6).

The last four verses of Hebrews 3 speak of ancient Israel's unbelief and the sad fate of those who died in the wilderness, not entering the promised land. Hebrews 4:2 continues the story: "For indeed the gospel was preached to us as well as to them." Israel had heard the gospel but failed to respond because of lack of faith.

Hundreds of years before that, the patriarch Abraham also heard the gospel (Galatians 3:8). Both of these passages confirm that the gospel was being proclaimed before Christ's ministry on earth.

In describing how, at His return, He will reward those who have been faithful to His way of life, Jesus Christ revealed that the Kingdom of God has been prepared for us far longer than we can imagine. "Come, you blessed of My Father, inherit the kingdom prepared for you from the foundation of the world" (Matthew 25:34).

This good news about the glorious future of humanity has been God's plan from the very beginning! Christ's part in that plan, including His sacrifice to pay the penalty for the sins of humanity, was also established from the very beginning (Revelation 13:8; 1 Peter 1:18-20). This was the good news given to Abraham—that through his descendant, Jesus Christ, all nations would be blessed (Galatians 3:8, 16).

#### **Few understood before Jesus Christ**

The Kingdom of God was proclaimed by God's servants before Jesus

Christ's ministry on earth. King David, in some of his psalms, looked prophetically to God's Kingdom. As he wrote in Psalm 145:10-13: "All Your works shall praise You, O LORD, and Your saints shall bless You. They shall speak of the glory of Your kingdom, and talk of Your power, to make known to the sons of men His mighty acts, and the glorious majesty of His kingdom. Your kingdom is an everlasting kingdom, and Your dominion endures throughout all generations."

#### **Are There Different Gospels?**

"the gospel of Christ" and "the gospel of God" expressed by His grace toward mankind. (Romans 1:1, 16).

originated with God. God delivered the message entrance into the Kingdom of God is synonyto earth through His servants. Peter tells us the mous with our salvation, there is no conflict in gospel was sent from God through Jesus Christ. these terms for the gospel. Each complements Notice Acts 10:36-37: "The word which God and strengthens the other. sent to the children of Israel, preaching peace through Jesus Christ—He is Lord of all—that the good news (Romans 10:15; Ephesians word you know, which was proclaimed throughout all Judea, and began from Galilee after the the earth—an important result of our believing baptism which John preached . . . "

the Kingdom of God. The gospel of Jesus Christ the increase of His government and peace there is the good news Jesus brought as God's messenger. All are the same gospel; all are part of for humanity.

In a similar manner, Paul sometimes used Timothy 2:8). This does not mean the message originated with Paul, nor was it a gospel about Paul. It was a message he received directly preached by me . . . came through the revelation of Jesus Christ," he said (Galatians 1:11-12). Paul's use of the term "my gospel" is proper because he was the one who proclaimed it.

The good news is also called "the gospel the same. of the grace of God" (Acts 20:24). From the beginning we are called by grace, justified by grace and saved by grace (Galatians 1:6, 15; Romans 3:24; Ephesians 2:8). The "gospel of believes" (Romans 1:16).

cripture occasionally calls the gospel by grace" is another appropriate term that focuses Onames other than "the gospel of the king- on a different aspect of the same gospel dom of God." For instance, the Bible speaks of Jesus preached: God's enormous love for us.

This message is also called "the gospel of The term "gospel of God" simply shows it your salvation" (Ephesians 1:13). Since our

"The gospel of peace" is also used to describe 6:15). The Kingdom of God will bring peace to in and acting on the gospel of the Kingdom. The gospel of God is God's good news about Prophesying of God's Kingdom, Isaiah said, "Of will be no end" (Isaiah 9:7).

All these terms describe the same gospel. the wonderful news of what God has in store They simply emphasize different aspects of the same wonderful message.

Jesus Christ came preaching the gospel of the term "my gospel" (Romans 2:16; 16:25; 2 the Kingdom of God (Mark 1:14-15), taught His disciples to preach the same message (Matthew 10:7) and continued to preach it when He appeared to the disciples after His crucifixion from Jesus Christ. ". . . The gospel which was (Acts 1:3). After Jesus rose from the dead, the apostles preached the same gospel, but with the added understanding of the meaning of Christ's sacrifice and resurrection. Although the terms that describe it may vary, the message is always

> The glorious truth is that this whole magnificent message is one seamless gospel, and "it is the power of God to salvation for everyone who

The prophet Daniel also knew of the coming Kingdom of God. He, too, was inspired to write of the future reality of the Kingdom: "Then the sovereignty, power and greatness of the kingdoms under the whole heaven will be handed over to the saints, the people of the Most High. His kingdom will be an everlasting kingdom, and all rulers will worship and obey him" (Daniel 7:27, New International Version).

However, even though the gospel originated at the foundation of the world and was proclaimed through the ages, few understood it until Jesus Christ and the apostles declared it to the world.

But why? Ancient Israel, as noted earlier, lacked the belief and faith to understand and act on it (Hebrews 3:19; 4:2). In addition, the Old Testament Scriptures did not connect all the pieces of the puzzle. They provided tantalizing glimpses of the Kingdom, but greater understanding had to wait until the coming of Jesus Christ, the revealer of "the mysteries of the kingdom" (Matthew 13:11).

When Jesus Christ came preaching the gospel of the Kingdom of God, He built on the foundation already planned by God the Father from the beginning and revealed by the earlier prophets. As the messenger of the Kingdom, He revealed vital truths that were not understood from the Old Testament prophecies.

One of the great misunderstandings about the Kingdom, not made clear until revealed by Jesus Christ, was that thousands of years would separate His first coming as the sacrificial Lamb of God (John 1:29) from His return as the conquering King of the Kingdom (Revelation 19:11-16). His first coming fulfilled a vital part of the gospel of the Kingdom—His sacrifice to make possible our forgiveness, justification and ultimate entry into the Kingdom. His second coming will bring the establishment of that incredible Kingdom.

The Bible proclaims a consistent message from beginning to end concerning the Kingdom of God, a message delivered throughout the ages by God's servants. But, paradoxically, the part of the revelation about the Kingdom of God that was most fully and clearly described in prophecy after prophecy in the Old Testament—a literal kingdom ruled over by a prophesied Messiah—seems to be the least understood aspect of the gospel today.

Many believe that the fantastic truth that followers of Jesus Christ will enjoy eternal life in an eternal Kingdom renders any need of a literal earthly reign over physical human beings totally unnecessary.

But what does the Bible say? Let's put aside all preconceived ideas and believe the plain teachings of God's Word.

# The Promise of a Coming Kingdom

"And in the days of these kings the God of heaven will set up a kingdom which shall never be destroyed; and the kingdom shall not be left to other people; it shall break in pieces and consume all these kingdoms, and it shall stand forever" (Daniel 2:44).

the gospel—the good news—of the Kingdom of God. But exactly what is that Kingdom?

There are many ideas about the Kingdom of God. Some think it is the church. Others believe it is an ethereal concept that resides in the hearts of Christians. Some think it is the collective good of humanity.

What does the Bible say? What is the Kingdom of God?

The word translated "kingdom" throughout the New Testament is the Greek word *basileia*, which denotes "sovereignty, royal power, [and] dominion" (*Vine's Complete Expository Dictionary of Old and New Testament Words*, 1985, "Kingdom"). A careful examination of the Bible reveals that the next phase of the Kingdom of God is nothing short of a world-ruling monarchy that God will establish on this earth through Jesus Christ!

#### An overview of world governments

This amazing truth is made clear in many Bible verses. The prophet Daniel was inspired to record a description of world governments spanning a period of thousands of years. His prophecy, recorded in Daniel 2:28-45, describes King Nebuchadnezzar's vision of five world-ruling empires. When we read these verses, we see that the fifth kingdom, the Kingdom of God, is a *literal* kingdom that has not yet come to earth.

In this passage, Nebuchadnezzar, king of Babylon, dreamed of a huge image of a man consisting of a head of gold, breast and arms of silver, belly and thighs of brass, legs of iron, and feet composed of a mixture of iron and clay. God gave Daniel, a prophet in Nebuchadnezzar's court, the ability to interpret dreams (Daniel 1:17; 2:28). Through God's inspiration, Daniel revealed that the four divisions of this image were actually four successive world empires. God, through Daniel, identified the first of the kingdoms, the head of gold, as the Babylonian Empire (Daniel 2:38).

The next two kingdoms are identified in Daniel 8. This chapter records a subsequent vision that foretold and gives more detail about the second and third empires. These two kingdoms are identified as "the kings of Media and Persia" and "the kingdom of Greece." History confirms that the Babylonian Empire was conquered by the Medo-Persian Empire (recorded in Daniel 5:30-31), which was, in turn, toppled by the Greek Empire of Alexander the Great.

In chapter 7 these four kingdoms are pictured again, this time as four beasts. This vision characterizes the empires as wild animals, predicting their harsh and oppressive domination of their subjects.

The fourth kingdom is characterized as especially cruel. History records that Alexander's Greek kingdom was succeeded by the Roman Empire. This kingdom is shown here as challenging the very authority of God and persecuting His saints (Daniel 7:25). It has 10 horns (verse 7), which are 10 extensions or resurrections of the fourth great world-ruling empire (verse 24). These resurrections of this fourth kingdom continue through history to our day, and the final resurrection of this empire is depicted as existing at Jesus Christ's return (verses 8-14).

#### Human governments replaced by God

It is in the days of this fourth kingdom that God will replace these earthly kingdoms with His Kingdom. "And in the days of these kings the God of heaven will set up a kingdom which shall never be destroyed; and the kingdom shall not be left to other people; it shall break in pieces and consume all these kingdoms, and it shall stand forever" (Daniel 2:44).

#### Is the Kingdom of God Here Now?

Chortly before His arrest, trial and crucifixion, on earth until after His triumphant return in power Jesus Christ prophesied of a worldwide period and great glory. of upheaval and unrest unparalleled in human hisdisease epidemics, along with other great catastrophic events (Luke 21:7-28). In this discourse, not here yet.

people "will see the Son of Man coming in a cloud with power and great glory . . . When you see these things happening, know that the kingdom that the Kingdom of God will not be established pray for its arrival!

The Gospel of the Kingdom

Christ also made this plain on other occatory. This time would be characterized by religious sions. How many of us have recited the Lord's deception, warfare, earthquakes, famines and Prayer without recognizing the plain meaning of the words as we said them? These familiar words were given by Jesus Christ in response Christ made it plain that the Kingdom of God was to the disciples' request of Him to teach them how to pray. "In this manner, therefore, pray," He told His disciples that, after these events, Jesus Christ told them. "Our Father in heaven, hallowed be Your name. Your kingdom come . . . ' (Matthew 6:9-10). The most common prayer in Christendom acknowledges that God's Kingdom of God is near" (verses 27, 31). Christ clearly said is not here yet and that Christians are to fervently

We see that the fourth kingdom continues to rule until Christ returns to establish His Kingdom on earth.

God's Kingdom—foretold repeatedly in Daniel—is the same Kingdom about which Jesus Christ preached. There can be no mistake about the nature of this Kingdom. The four kingdoms described in Daniel 2, 7 and 8 ruled over people and lands. They were great world empires with dominion and power to rule, warring against and conquering other nations. They had kings, governments, laws and subjects. They were *literal* kingdoms, whose remains are visible to this day.

So, too, will the Kingdom of God be a *literal* kingdom ruling over the whole earth. Daniel 7:27, speaking of the establishment of this Kingdom, adds: "Then the sovereignty, power and greatness of the kingdoms *under* the whole heaven will be handed over to the saints, the people of the Most High. His kingdom will be an everlasting kingdom, and all rulers will worship and obey him" (NIV).

Verse 14 makes it even clearer that this will be a literal, world-ruling kingdom. Daniel described what he saw in a vision of Jesus Christ in the future: "To Him was given dominion and glory and a kingdom, that all peoples, nations and languages should serve Him. His dominion is an everlasting dominion, which shall not pass away, and His kingdom the one which shall not be destroyed."

#### Major powers will fall

The wonderful news of the coming Kingdom of God is the heart and core of Jesus Christ's message for humanity. Jesus will return to earth

by the Roman governor Pontius Pilate before His crucifixion, Jesus clearly stated: "My Kingdom is they seek a homeland. And truly if they had called not of this world. If My kingdom were of this world, My servants would fight, so that I should not be delivered to the Jews; but now My kingdom is not from here" (John 18:36).

Pilate then demanded to know if Christ were their God, for He has prepared a city for them." a king. Christ replied: "You say rightly that I am a king. For this cause I was born, and for this cause I have come into the world . . ." (verse 37).

Hebrews 11 describes the faith of God's servants through the millennia. Summing up their history and experiences, verses 13-16 tell us: "These all died in faith, not having received the promises, but having seen them afar off were assured of them, embraced them and confessed will be established on earth in the future.

Near the end of His life, while being questioned that they were strangers and pilgrims on the earth. For those who say such things declare plainly that to mind that country from which they had come out, they would have had opportunity to return. But now they desire a better, that is, a heavenly country. Therefore God is not ashamed to be called

> Even Abraham, the father of the faithful, "waited for the city which has foundations, whose builder and maker is God" (Hebrews 11:10).

> Although God's people today experience a foretaste of God's coming Kingdom in their lives (see "How Are We 'Translated Into the Kingdom'?" beginning on page 16), many scriptures make it clear that the Kingdom of God has not arrived, but

and establish this Kingdom. He will be the Ruler of the Kingdom of God. Notice this prophecy of Jesus Christ's return: "Then the seventh angel sounded: And there were loud voices in heaven, saying, 'The kingdoms of this world have become the kingdoms of our Lord and of His Christ, and He shall reign forever and ever!" (Revelation 11:15). Jesus Christ will assume rulership over *literal* kingdoms *on earth*.

The governments of mankind, with their inherent inability to solve human problems that are rooted in humanity's inability to choose the right way to live (Proverbs 16:25), will be replaced by a form of government that can at last solve those problems. Jesus Christ Himself will rule the nations of the earth!

This is the gospel—the good news—that Jesus Christ taught. The focus of Jesus Christ's message was the announcement of a coming world government (Luke 21:31). This government will not be ruled by selfishly motivated human beings but by Jesus Christ Himself, under the direction of Almighty God!

Daniel was not the only prophet to speak of this time. Micah 4:1-3 also describes this time of unprecedented peace: "Now it shall come to pass in the latter days that the mountain of the LORD's house shall be established

#### Is the Kingdom of God Within You?

exists only in the hearts and minds of believers. 12:14, Mark 3:6). They base this on Luke 17:20-21, which says: kingdom of God is within you."

14

Such assumptions are incorrect for several reasons. The Greek word entos, translated "within," is better translated "in the midst of" and New Testament Words, 1985, "Within"). that Kingdom. Several translations, including the New American Standard Bible, Modern King James Version and Green's Literal Translation, translate Christ's words as "the kingdom of God is in spiritually blind they couldn't recognize the very your midst."

Jesus Christ could not have been telling the Pharisees here that God's Kingdom was somethe Kingdom of God resides in one's heart.

Many people believe Jesus Christ taught thing that existed within their hearts or minds—that the Kingdom of God is something that after all, they wanted to destroy Him (Matthew

Instead, in this passage Christ was pointing "Now when He was asked by the Pharisees out the paradox that the Pharisees did not have when the kingdom of God would come, He the spiritual discernment to recognize that the answered them and said, 'The kingdom of God message of the Kingdom of God was at hand does not come with observation; nor will they or being offered to them (Matthew 23:15-17). say, 'See here!' or 'See there!' For indeed, the To punctuate this point, Jesus, referring to Himself, said "the kingdom of God is among you" (New Revised Standard Version, New Jerusalem Bible, New American Bible, New English Bible). The spiritually blind Pharisees did not (Vine's Complete Expository Dictionary of Old recognize Jesus as the divine Representative of

> Rather than telling the Pharisees that the Kingdom of God was something in their hearts, Jesus Christ warned them that they were so personification of that Kingdom in Him.

> There is no basis in this passage for believing

#### Is the Church the Kingdom?

Although there is a connection between the used, we can say that the Kingdom of God is two, they are not identical. Jesus Christ is the similar to the proverbial mustard seed, waiting Head of the Church (Ephesians 1:22), which is for its germination and rapid growth at Jesus' the body of believers called by God to proclaim return (Matthew 13:31-32). the coming Kingdom.

Church is the precursor of the coming Kingdom ruling government.

ome think the Church is the Kingdom of God. of God. Or, to put it in terms that Jesus Christ

The Bible, however, never uses the term Christ rules His Church, thus it is under His "kingdom" to apply directly to the Church, sovereignty and royal power. We might say the Instead, it refers to God's prophesied world-

on the top of the mountains, and shall be exalted above the hills; and peoples shall flow to it.

"Many nations shall come and say, 'Come, and let us go up to the mountain of the LORD, to the house of the God of Jacob; He will teach us His ways, and we shall walk in His paths.' For out of Zion the law shall go forth, and the word of the LORD from Jerusalem. He shall judge between many peoples, and rebuke strong nations afar off; they shall beat their swords into plowshares, and their spears into pruning hooks; nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more."

As described in this passage, when Jesus Christ establishes His government, humanity will begin to recognize the blessings that come from obedience to God's ways and laws and will stream to Him to learn that way of life. Christ will settle disputes between peoples and will have to "rebuke strong nations" that reject His direction and authority.

#### **Prophecies of Jesus Christ's rule**

Isaiah, speaking of the future reign of Jesus Christ, describes what kind of ruler He will be: "The government will be upon His shoulder. And His name will be called Wonderful, Counselor, Mighty God, Everlasting Father, Prince of Peace. Of the increase of His government and peace there will be no end, upon the throne of David and over His kingdom, to order it and establish it with judgment and justice from that time forward, even forever" (Isaiah 9:6-7).

"Judgment and justice" will be hallmarks of Christ's coming rule, in contrast to the injustice, shortsightedness and oppression that all too often characterize the governments of the world. Peace will break out throughout the world—in marriages, families, communities and nations. As prophesied, "there will be no end" to peace under Jesus Christ's reign. The Prince of Peace will bring calm and goodwill to a world that has never known true peace.

Under Jesus Christ's righteous rule, mankind will at last learn God's ways and experience this wonderful peace. Educational institutions will teach people how to live, not just how to make a living. Biblical principles for healthy and lasting relationships will be thoroughly explained. "They shall not hurt nor destroy in all My holy mountain, for the earth shall be full of the knowledge of the LORD as the waters cover the sea" (Isaiah 11:9). The multiple millions of people who have never known God's laws or ways will at last have access to that wonderful, saving knowledge.

#### Causes of humanity's problems

Humankind has had thousands of years to experiment with governments, administrations and lifestyles, so why have we been unable to solve our problems? Human government has not succeeded because, in the final analysis, humanity simply does not know how to live. Through the prophet Jeremiah, God warns that "it is not in man who walks to direct his own steps" (Jeremiah 10:23).

Solomon, king of ancient Israel, put it bluntly: "There is a way that seems right to a man, but its end is the way of death" (Proverbs 14:12; 16:25).

Sadly, mankind has proved the truth of those words for generations. Under human rule, the world has never seen a time free of war, strife, turmoil and suffering. Conditions today are so grave that mankind has the ability to erase human life from earth many times over!

Why should this be?

Our world is threatened by overwhelming problems because we have rejected God. God Himself has made this clear over the centuries through His prophets. Under God's inspiration, King David wrote of mankind: "They are corrupt, they have done abominable works, there is none who does good. The LORD looks down from heaven upon the children of men, to see if there are any who understand, who seek God. They have all turned aside, they have together become corrupt; there is none who does good, no, not one" (Psalm 14:1-3).

The prophet Jeremiah also noted that people are largely blinded by the deceit of their own evil motives and intents. "The heart is deceitful above all things, and desperately wicked; who can know it?" (Jeremiah 17:9).

#### **Humanity separated from God**

The prophet Isaiah added: "Behold, the LORD's hand is not shortened, that it cannot save; nor His ear heavy, that it cannot hear. But your iniquities have separated you from your God; and your sins have hidden His face from you, so that He will not hear. For your hands are defiled with blood, and your fingers with iniquity; your lips have spoken lies, your tongue has muttered perversity. No one calls for justice, nor does any plead for truth. They trust in empty words and speak lies; they conceive evil and bring forth iniquity . . .

"Their feet run to evil, and they make haste to shed innocent blood; their thoughts are thoughts of iniquity; wasting and destruction are in their

#### How Are We "Translated Into the Kingdom"?

olossians 1:13 describes physical saints as International Version Study Bible explains in its Ualready having been "translated" into the note on this verse that the word kingdom here Kingdom. As such, this passage seems to imply "does not here refer to a territory but to the that Christians are now in the Kingdom of God. authority, rule or sovereign power of a king. Here However, this clearly isn't the case, since 1 Corin- it means that the Christian is no longer under thians 15:50 tells us that "flesh and blood [physi- the dominion of evil (darkness) but under the cal bodies] cannot inherit the kingdom of God."

Part of the confusion here comes from the meaning of the word kingdom. In addition to a lit- referring to the Kingdom of God, point to the literal eral kingdom, the Greek word basileia, translated "kingdom," denotes sovereignty and royal power (Vine's Complete Expository Dictionary of Old and God" in training to inherit that future Kingdom New Testament Words, "Kingdom").

sovereignty and power begin in the life of the Christian at conversion. The Zondervan New although not yet residents of it.

benevolent rule of God's Son."

The Gospel of the Kingdom

Virtually all other occurrences of basileia, when dominion that Christ will establish at His return (Matthew 6:33: Revelation 11:15). As "heirs of (Romans 8:15-17; Matthew 25:34; Revelation This passage in Colossians shows that God's 20:4, 6), Christians are thus already subject to the sovereignty and authority of that Kingdom,

Jesus Christ, ruler of the coming Kingdom, is saints as heirs of the Kingdom (James 2:5). the Lord and Master of Christians now (Philippians 2:9-11). God rules the lives of converted Christians who voluntarily obey Him and His laws. They submit themselves to God's *basileia*—His royal sovereignty and power. They individually are part of the Church, the Body of Christ, which God also rules. But the Church collectively looks to God's coming world rule when the basileia will be fully established.

The context leading up to Colossians 1:13 has not yet fully come. also helps clarify the meaning. Verse 9 begins a description of points Paul and Timothy regularly included in their prayers. One of the blessings they were thankful for was that God had qualified them and the other members to receive the inheritance of the saints (verse 12).

Romans 8:17). This is why the Bible refers to the Kingdom of God.

Verse 13 of Colossians 1 continues this theme. adding that those qualified as heirs, those whose status had changed from nonheirs to heirs, were also "translated," or transferred, from the power of darkness to the Kingdom of God.

We, as modern-day saints, also exchange systems of government when we are converted. We now give our foremost allegiance and obedience to the Kingdom of God, even though that Kingdom

In 2 Corinthians 5:20. Paul uses a different comparison to help us understand this, calling us "ambassadors." An ambassador is one who represents a kingdom or other government, but resides in a different land. Christians are thus ambassadors for God's Kingdom, representing That inheritance, eternal life, does not come His way of life in our current earthly situation and until Christ returns (1 Corinthians 15:50-52: age in which we reside. We are not yet in the

paths. The way of peace they have not known, and there is no justice in their ways; they have made themselves crooked paths; whoever takes that way shall not know peace" (Isaiah 59:1-4, 7-8).

The Gospel of the Kingdom

God's ways are different from man's. "For My thoughts are not your thoughts, nor are your ways My ways,' says the LORD. 'For as the heavens are higher than the earth, so are My ways higher than your ways, and My thoughts than your thoughts" (Isaiah 55:8-9).

The apostle Paul described the inevitable results of rejecting God and His way of life: "And even as they did not like to retain God in their knowledge, God gave them over to a debased mind, to do those things which are not fitting; being filled with all unrighteousness, sexual immorality, wickedness, covetousness, maliciousness; full of envy, murder, strife, deceit, evil-mindedness; they are whisperers, backbiters, haters of God, violent, proud, boasters, inventors of evil things, disobedient to parents, undiscerning, untrustworthy, unloving, unforgiving, unmerciful; who, knowing the righteous judgment of God, that those who practice such things are deserving of death, not only do the same but also approve of those who practice them" (Romans 1:28-32).

#### Jesus Christ will intervene to save humanity

Left to itself, mankind would *annihilate* all life from the earth. Does this sound shocking? It is. But Jesus Christ Himself said it is so! Describing the time immediately before His coming return, He said: "It will be a time of great distress, such as there has never been before since the beginning of the world, and will never be again. If that time of troubles were not cut short, no living thing could survive; but for the sake of God's chosen it will be cut short" (Matthew 24:21-22, Revised English Bible).

Jesus Christ tells us that He *must* intervene to save us from ourselves. "Immediately after the tribulation of those days the sun will be darkened, and the moon will not give its light; the stars will fall from heaven, and the powers of the heavens will be shaken. Then the sign of the Son of Man will appear in heaven, and then all the tribes of the earth will mourn, and they will see the Son of Man coming on the clouds of heaven with power and great glory" (Matthew 24:29-30).

What follows in the wake of that glorious event is described in greater detail in Revelation 19:11-16: "Now I saw heaven opened, and behold, a white horse. And He who sat on him was called Faithful and True, and in righteousness He judges and makes war. His eyes were like a flame of fire, and on His head were many crowns. He had a name written that no one knew except Himself. He was clothed with a robe dipped in blood, and His name is called The Word of God. And the armies in heaven, clothed in fine linen, white and clean, followed Him on white horses. Now out of His

mouth goes a sharp sword, that with it He should strike the nations. And He Himself will rule them with a rod of iron. He Himself treads the winepress of the fierceness and wrath of Almighty God. And He has on His robe and on His thigh a name written: KING OF KINGS AND LORD OF LORDS."

To learn more about the events prophesied to take place before Christ's return, be sure to request the free booklets Are We Living in the Time of the End?, You Can Understand Bible Prophecy, The United States and Britain in Bible Prophecy, The Book of Revelation Unveiled and The Middle East in Bible Prophecy.

#### The millennial Kingdom and beyond

Jesus Christ will usher in a literal kingdom, the Kingdom of God, on earth. But this is not the end of the story. Notice Revelation 11:15: "Then the seventh angel sounded: And there were loud voices in heaven, saying, 'The kingdoms of this world have become the kingdoms of our Lord and of His Christ, and He shall reign forever and ever!"

We have seen that Jesus Christ will establish His reign over the nations in a literal kingdom. This Kingdom is depicted in Revelation 20:3-7 as lasting 1,000 years. Yet, in the verse quoted just above, we are told that "He shall reign forever and ever." In other words, the thousand-year reign (commonly called the Millennium, Latin for "thousand years") is just the beginning of Jesus Christ's eternal reign in the Kingdom of God.

Indeed, the millennial reign that Jesus Christ shares with the resurrected

#### How Is the Kingdom of God "at Hand"?

When Jesus came preaching the Kingdom not arrived, but that it is near.

What Jesus was saying hat the company of God, He said it was "at hand" and com-4:17). The Greek word translated "at hand" is engizo. It means to draw near to something. come, rather that it is close.

The Bible in Basic English, the New International Version and Today's English Version recognize this distinction, translating the phrase in Mark 1:15 as "the kingdom of God is near."

Other translations, including the New Revised to enter the Kingdom. Standard Version, Modern King James Version and Green's Literal Translation, state that this Kingdom "draws near" or "has come near." They make it clear that the Kingdom of God has reflect their belief and commitment.

What Jesus was saying had to do with the manded us to repent and believe the good news message of the Kingdom, as well as the availabout the Kingdom (Mark 1:14-15; Matthew ability of Himself as the King of that Kingdom. The Kingdom in that sense was very near to them, even though it would not arrive in the It does not imply that something has actually literal way God had revealed it to Daniel for guite some time.

> Jesus Christ was the embodiment of the message of the Kingdom. He was the Ruler, the King of the Kingdom. He was its representative, the One through whom humanity would be able

> His message was that people should repent, believe the good news He brought and put that message into action, changing their lives to

saints—to whom the Kingdom will be given—will take place for the very purpose of offering entry into the eternal Kingdom of God to all mankind. Millions of physical human beings alive at the return of Jesus Christ will live into the Millennium and, in turn, many generations will be born and live during that time. They will all be given an opportunity to be changed from this physical life and body to spirit, to be granted eternal life and to enter into the eternal Kingdom of God.

The truth that the Kingdom of God is ultimately an eternal kingdom, not just a thousand-year period, is made plain by Jesus Christ. In Matthew 19:16, we read of a wealthy young man who asked Jesus the fundamental question: "Good Teacher, what good thing shall I do that I may have eternal life?" Jesus went on to explain what the young man must do. When it became clear that he was not willing to do what Jesus commanded, Jesus Christ went on to say in verse 24 that "it is easier for a camel to go through the eye of a needle than for a rich man to enter into the kingdom of God." Here, entry into the Kingdom of God is equated with eternal life.

Yes, the millennial reign of Jesus Christ will open the door for millions of human beings, then already being ruled by the Kingdom of God, to be saved and actually enter into the eternal Kingdom of God. The Millennium, a time of unparalleled peace, happiness and prosperity, will be just a foretaste of the even greater eternal Kingdom!

#### Transformed heaven and earth

After the thousand years are ended, yet another incredible sequence of events is prophesied, as we read in Revelation 21:1-7: "Now I saw a new heaven and a new earth, for the first heaven and the first earth had passed away. Also there was no more sea. Then I, John, saw the holy city, New Jerusalem, coming down out of heaven from God . . .

"And I heard a loud voice from heaven saying, 'Behold, the tabernacle of God is with men, and He will dwell with them, and they shall be His people. God Himself will be with them and be their God. And God will wipe away every tear from their eyes; there shall be no more death, nor sorrow, nor crying. There shall be no more pain, for the former things have passed away.'

"Then He who sat on the throne said, 'Behold, I make all things new.' And He said to me, 'Write, for these words are true and faithful.' And He said to me, 'It is done! I am the Alpha and the Omega, the Beginning and the End. I will give of the fountain of the water of life freely to him who thirsts. He who overcomes shall inherit all things, and I will be his God and he shall be My son."

Access to the tree of life—eternal life, from which humanity has been cut off since the time of Adam and Eve (Genesis 3:22-24)—will be given to those who obediently keep God's commandments (Revelation 22:14).

Eternal life as children of God awaits those who enter His Kingdom!

#### **Prophecies of the Coming Kingdom of God**

What kind of future does God have in store edge of the Lord as the waters cover the sea" for planet earth? Through His prophets God (Isaiah 11:9). reveals many specific details of how this world will be transformed in the Kingdom of God. Notice a few prophecies about the marvelous world God has planned for us:

#### A world of unparalleled peace

"They shall beat their swords into plowshares, and their spears into pruning hooks: nation shall not lift up sword against nation, neither shall they learn war any more. But everyone shall sit under his vine and under his fig tree, and no one shall make them afraid" (Micah 4:3-4).

"They shall not hurt nor destroy in all My holy

The Gospel of the Kingdom

#### Nations will learn God's ways

"Many nations shall come and say, 'Come, and let us go up to the mountain of the LORD . . . He will teach us His ways, and we will walk in His paths. For out of Zion the law shall go forth" (Micah 4:2).

#### A world of agricultural abundance

"'Behold, the days are coming,' says the LORD, 'when the plowman shall overtake the reaper, and the treader of grapes him who sows seed; the mountains shall drip with sweet wine, and all mountain, for the earth shall be full of the knowl- the hills shall flow with it . . . They shall build the waste cities and inhabit them; they shall plant and a little child shall lead them" (Isaiah 11:6). vineyards and drink wine from them; they shall also make gardens and eat fruit from them" (Amos 9:13-14).

season; there shall be showers of blessing. Then the trees of the field shall yield their fruit, and the earth shall yield her increase" (Ezekiel 34:26-27).

#### Wastelands transformed

"Waters shall burst forth in the wilderness, and streams in the desert. The parched ground shall become a pool, and the thirsty land springs of water" (Isaiah 35:6-7).

#### Wild animals' nature transformed

calf and the young lion and the fatling together; peace there will be no end" (Isaiah 9:6-7).

#### Sickness and disease healed

"Then the eyes of the blind shall be opened, "I will cause showers to come down in their and the ears of the deaf shall be unstopped. Then the lame shall leap like a deer, and the tongue of the dumb sing" (Isaiah 35:5-6).

#### Mankind given a new heart and spirit

"Then I will give them one heart, and I will put a new spirit within them . . . that they may walk in my statutes and keep my judgments and do them; and they shall be my people, and I will be their God" (Ezekiel 11:19-20).

#### Jesus Christ will rule the world

"For unto us a Child is born, unto us a Son is "The wolf also shall dwell with the lamb, the given; and the government will be upon His shoulleopard shall lie down with the young goat, the der . . . Of the increase of His government and

# The Gospel of Jesus Christ: Salvation in the Kingdom

"For I am not ashamed of the gospel of Christ, for it is the power of God to salvation for everyone who believes" (Romans 1:16).

e have seen that Jesus Christ preached "the gospel of the Kingdom" and that He sent His disciples out to proclaim His message before His crucifixion. However, after Christ's death and resurrection, another emphasis appeared in the message preached by the apostles, one that had not been possible before Christ's death—Jesus Christ had paid the penalty for human sins! In doing so, He had become the Savior of all who would accept His sacrifice and live the Christian life.

After the Day of Pentecost, the apostles continued to proclaim the Kingdom of God just as they had done when Christ walked the earth, but now they understood and spoke another dimension: Eternal life in that Kingdom was now possible through the sacrifice of Jesus Christ as Savior of humanity and through His continuing role as our High Priest.

Today, some view the biblical terms "gospel of the Kingdom" and "gospel of Christ" as though they were different messages. In reality, however, they are one and the same. The gospel of the Kingdom is the message Jesus Christ brought and proclaimed. The gospel of Christ is also the message Jesus Christ preached, along with the message regarding His life, death and sacrifice on our behalf, which makes possible eternal life in that Kingdom. The Kingdom of God is attained only through Jesus Christ's central role as the personal Savior of all who would enter that Kingdom.

The apostles' enhanced understanding becomes more evident in their epistles and other messages after Jesus Christ's death and resurrection. The people of Christ's day expected a conquering Messiah who would throw off the yoke of the Roman rulers of Judea and establish a new kingdom. Christ's disciples recognized Him as that Messiah and called Him "Christ" (Matthew 16:16), which in Greek means *anointed*—the same as the Hebraic word *Messiah* (John 1:41; 4:25). The term *anointed* signified

the one who had been chosen to be King of that Messianic Kingdom.

#### New understanding of the Messiah

Jewish believers of the early Church would have understood the phrase "the gospel of Christ" as a message encompassing far more than just the person of Jesus Christ. Since the word *Christ* means "Messiah," they understood the apostles' message as "the gospel of *the Messiah*"—the good

news of the King of the coming Kingdom of God. To them, the good news was not just that Christ had died for the sins of humanity, but that the Messiah had come and would return, establishing His Kingdom and fulfilling the many prophecies of His glorious reign.

The concept of a Kingdom established by the Messiah was not new to Jesus Christ's fol-



After Christ's death and resurrection, another emphasis appeared in the message preached by the apostles—Jesus Christ had paid the penalty for human sins!

lowers. Scripture records that "they thought the kingdom of God would appear immediately" (Luke 19:11). When Christ appeared to them again after His resurrection, the disciples asked, "Lord, will You at this time restore the kingdom to Israel?" (Acts 1:6).

What the disciples failed to grasp during Christ's lifetime was that the Messiah, whom they expected would arrive as a conquering king, would first have to die to pay the penalty for the sins of mankind. Even when Jesus Christ revealed this truth to the disciples, they refused to accept it. Not long before His death, "Jesus began to show to His disciples that He must go to Jerusalem, and suffer many things from the elders and chief priests and scribes, and be killed, and be raised the third day. Then Peter took Him aside and began to rebuke Him, saying, 'Far be it from You, Lord; this shall not happen to You!'" (Matthew 16:21-22). Not only did they not understand this aspect of Christ's mission, but they flatly refused to believe it.

It is understandable, then, that the disciples were shocked when their Leader, whom they expected to overthrow the ruling Roman occupational government, was arrested. "Then all the disciples forsook Him and fled" (Matthew 26:56). Confused and devastated by this unexpected turn of events,

ing sacrifice and role as a personal rescuer, or Savior, rather than only as

a national leader: "God has raised this Jesus to life, and we are all wit-

nesses of the fact . . . Therefore let all Israel be assured of this: God has

made this Jesus, whom you crucified, both Lord and Christ" (Acts 2:32,

36, NIV). When those who were convicted asked, "Brothers, what shall

we do?" Peter answered, "Repent and be baptized, every one of you, in the name of Jesus Christ for the forgiveness of your sins. And you will receive

the gift of the Holy Spirit" (Acts 2:37-38, NIV). Thousands responded to

Peter helped them to see that God's promises regarding the Holy Spirit

this call to repentance—a changed life—and were baptized.

they scattered as Jesus was tried, condemned and executed as a criminal.

Later, after they received the Holy Spirit on the Day of Pentecost (Acts 2:1-4), the disciples came to understand that, as the Scriptures had prophesied, the Messiah would have to die and be resurrected. The apostle Peter, in his first inspired sermon to the Jews gathered at Jerusalem, proclaimed that David, in one of his psalms, "spoke of the resurrection of the Christ, that he was not abandoned to the grave, nor did his body see decay" (Acts 2:31, NIV).

#### Personal rescuer, or Savior, needed

Peter had to focus the minds of the Jews of his day on Christ's aton-

#### Was Jesus Christ the Messiah?

What was Jesus Christ's purpose? Why did tively, the Israelite people looked to these promises for a deliverer. In Christ's day, the descendants of when we examine the concept of the Messiah.

meaning "Anointed One." Anointing was used. among other things, to signify that kings had been chosen by God (1 Samuel 15:1; 16:12-13; 1 Kings 1:34). Christ (or Christos) means "Anointed One" in Greek, the language in which the New Testament has been preserved for us—the same as the Hebraic word *Messiah*. The two terms mean the same thing (John 1:41; 4:25).

#### A prophesied king and kingdom

The Hebrews understood that their Scriptures contained many prophecies of a divinely appointed ruler who would restore the glory and grandeur of the kingdom of Israel. For example, His shoulder . . . Of the increase of His government and peace there will be no end, upon the throne of David and over His kingdom, to order it became disciples. and establish it with judgment and justice from that time forward, even forever"

Jeremiah 23:5 adds: "'Behold, the days are coming,' says the LORD. 'That I will raise to David a Branch of righteousness; a King shall reign and prosper, and execute judgment and righteousness Messiah is coming' (who is called Christ), 'When in the earth."

taken into captivity by Assyria and Babylon, respec-

The answers to these questions become evident the Jews who had returned to their homeland from Babylon several centuries earlier were dominated Messiah is the English form of a Hebrew word by the Roman Empire. In their oppression they prayed and hoped for the promised Messiah, a conquering king who would deliver them from their Roman overlords and restore Israel to greatness.

The Gospel of the Kingdom

From many prophecies they deduced, correctly, that the Messiah was soon to appear. Hopes ran high. When John the Baptist came on the scene. some thought he might be the Messiah. Scripture tells us that "the people were in expectation, and all reasoned in their hearts about John, whether he was the Christ [Messiah] or not" (Luke 3:15).

John said he was not the Messiah, but he did point people to Jesus of Nazareth. One of John's followers, a fisherman named Andrew, immediately believed in Jesus. "He first found his own Isaiah 9:6-7 says; "The government will be upon brother Simon, and said to him, 'We have found the Messiah' (which is translated, the Christ)'" (John 1:40-41). Both Andrew and Simon (Peter)

#### Jesus confirms He is the Messiah

Jesus acknowledged that He was the longawaited Messiah in a conversation with a Samaritan woman. "The woman said to Him. 'I know that He comes. He will tell us all things,' Jesus said to After the kingdoms of Israel and Judah were her, "I who speak to you am He" (John 4:25-26).

Jesus also acknowledged that He was the

will see the Son of Man sitting at the right hand heaven'" (Mark 14:61-62).

king. Jesus responded: "You say rightly that I am a king. For this cause I was born, and for this cause I have come into the world" (John 18:36-37).

#### The disciples' misunderstanding

The fact that Jesus' Kingdom was not for that time was misunderstood by most of His followers. They had assumed that He would lead a popular uprising that would throw off the Romans and establish a new political entity. Among themselves, some of the disciples even argued at times as to who among them would hold the primary positions in the new government (Matthew 20:20-21; Luke 9:46; 22:24).

realize that Christ must first come to suffer and die for the sins of mankind and only later would come as the conquering king they expected.

When Jesus was tried and executed, they were dismayed. Their hopes and dreams of power were dashed. Peter and some of the other disciples (John 21:1-3).

Even after Jesus appeared to them again, they still didn't understand. They still hoped Christ Real Story and Who Is God?

Messiah at His trial. "The high priest asked Him, would establish the Kingdom of God then. Notice saying to Him, 'Are You the Christ [Messiah], the Acts 1:6-8: "Therefore, when they had come Son of the Blessed?' Jesus said, 'I am. And you together, they asked Him, saving, 'Lord, will You at this time restore the kingdom to Israel?' And of the Power, and coming with the clouds of He said to them, 'It is not for you to know times or seasons which the Father has put in His own Jesus knew that He was born to be a king. authority. But you shall receive power when the When Pontius Pilate questioned Him before His Holy Spirit has come upon you; and you shall be crucifixion, he asked Jesus if He were indeed a witnesses to Me in Jerusalem, and in all Judea and Samaria, and to the end of the earth."

Jesus explained that the timing of that Kingdom should not be their primary concern; indeed they would not know when it would be established. Their focus, Christ said, should be on the work He had assigned them. The Kingdom of God would be established in due time.

Finally they understood. Jesus of Nazareth was indeed the promised Messiah, but first He had to suffer and die for their sins. Later He would come as a conquering king to establish the Kingdom of God.

The dozens of prophecies recorded by the prophets about a Messiah—prophecies fulfilled Their understanding was limited. They didn't by Jesus Christ—are among the strongest proofs that the Bible is the inspired Word of God. The four Gospels recall the Old Testament prophecies and show how Jesus Christ fulfilled them.

The Gospels also speak of His resurrection and ultimate return to earth as conquering King. That is the message of the Gospels—that Jesus Christ returned to their old occupations as fishermen was the Messiah who is prophesied throughout the Old Testament. To learn more about Jesus' role, request the free booklets Jesus Christ: The and salvation (verses 17-18, 21, 33, 40) were possible only because of the sacrifice and resurrection of Jesus, the prophesied Messiah (verses 24, 30-33, 36). Those to whom Peter spoke had not understood the need for the Messiah's sacrifice for their *personal* sins, nor had they realized that the One they had just condemned to death was, in fact, the Messiah for whom they all longed. The apostles labored to correct these misunderstandings.

The Gospel of the Kingdom

Peter's next public message made clear how Christ's atoning, saving work leads to the coming Kingdom of God: "But those things which God foretold by the mouth of all His prophets, that the Christ would suffer, He has thus fulfilled. Repent therefore and be converted, that your sins may be blotted out, so that times of refreshing may come from the presence of the Lord, and that He may send Jesus Christ, who was preached to you before. whom heaven must receive until the times of restoration of all things, which God has spoken by the mouth of all His holy prophets since the world began" (Acts 3:18-21).

This magnificent message, which moved thousands more to believe, illustrates the way the gospel had been preached since the beginning, how it involved Christ as the suffering Messiah and how it was a message of the "restoration of all things"—the wonderful hope of Christ's return as King of a yet-future Kingdom.

#### Where Christ's sacrifice leads

The apostle Paul saw with great clarity the significance of Christ's sacrifice and where it ultimately leads. In his first epistle to the Corinthians, he described the message he taught: "I declare to you the gospel which I preached to you, which also you received and in which you stand, by which also you are saved, if you hold fast that word which I preached to you unless you believed in vain. For I delivered to you first of all that which I also received: that Christ died for our sins according to the Scriptures, and that He was buried, and that He rose again the third day according to the Scriptures" (1 Corinthians 15:1-4).

Jesus Christ's sacrificing of His life in our place is certainly good news. His paying the death penalty for us is wonderful news!

But Paul's description of the gospel he preached did not end there. After beginning with Christ's magnificent role in our personal salvation, he continued his explanation of the reason Jesus Christ's resurrection is so important to the salvation of all humanity: "If in this life only we have hope in Christ, we are of all men the most pitiable. But now Christ is risen from the dead, and has become the *firstfruits* of those who have fallen asleep. For since by man came death, by Man also came the resurrection of the dead. For as in Adam all die, even so in Christ all shall be made alive" (1 Corinthians 15:19-22).

#### All will be resurrected to life again

Notice that Paul says all will eventually be made alive. He continued by showing that this will occur in stages: "But each one in his own order: Christ the firstfruits, afterward those who are Christ's at His coming. Then comes the end, when He delivers the kingdom to God the Father, when He puts an end to all rule and all authority and power" (1 Corinthians

15:23-24).



Earlier we read of Christ's rule as King of that coming Kingdom. But notice that His assuming power as King is preceded by the resurrection of "those who are Christ's at His coming"!

Throughout this chapter, Paul explains this wonderful aspect of the gospel message he taught. In verses 50-53 he

"But now Christ is risen from the dead, and has become the firstfruits of those who have fallen asleep . . . For as in Adam all die, even so in Christ all shall be made alive."

explained when and how we can enter the Kingdom of God: "Now this I say, brethren, that flesh and blood cannot inherit the kingdom of God; nor does corruption inherit incorruption. Behold, I tell you a mystery: We shall not all sleep [in death], but we shall all be changed—in a moment, in the twinkling of an eye, at the last trumpet. For the trumpet will sound, and the dead will be raised incorruptible, and we shall be changed. For this corruptible must put on incorruption, and this mortal must put on immortality."

This is the awe-inspiring purpose for Jesus Christ's birth, life, death and resurrection—the resurrection of many, many more to eternal life to "inherit the kingdom of God"! (verse 50). Christ's followers are to "inherit," or enter, the Kingdom "at the last trumpet" (verse 52), the great blast that signals Christ's return to rule the earth forever (Matthew 24:30-31; Revelation 11:15).

We see that immortal life in His Kingdom is made possible by Jesus Christ, "who has abolished death and brought life and immortality to light through the gospel" (2 Timothy 1:10).

# How You Can Enter the Kingdom

The Gospel of the Kingdom

"But seek first the kingdom of God and His righteousness, and all these things shall be added to you" (Matthew 6:33).

alvation through Jesus' life, death and resurrection is central to the gospel message. Jesus Christ died, was buried and was resurrected for a reason: so we could inherit everlasting life in the Kingdom of God (John 3:16). This astounding part of the gospel—the entering into the Kingdom of God—is the aspect so few truly understand. It is synonymous with salvation. Without understanding this part of the gospel, one cannot understand what salvation is. Do you know how to enter this Kingdom, to attain the salvation of which the Bible speaks?

#### **Entering the very family of God!**

What will salvation—eternal life in the Kingdom of God—really mean to those who receive it? We have seen that salvation is the transformation from a fleshly, mortal human being to a glorified, immortal son of God. Notice how the book of Hebrews expresses it: "In bringing many sons to glory, it was fitting that God, for whom and through whom everything exists, should make the author of their salvation perfect through suffering. Both the one who makes men holy [Christ] and those who are made holy [repentant and converted human beings] are of the same family" (Hebrews 2:10-11, NIV).

Have you ever grasped this before? Those who enter the Kingdom of God are all "of the same family"—God's family! All are God's children, brought "to glory"—a glorified state of immortal spirit (1 Corinthians 15:42-44)—by Him. This is what salvation is all about. "So Jesus is not ashamed to call them brothers. He says, 'I will declare your name to my brothers; in the presence of the congregation I will sing your praises'... 'And again he says, 'Here am I, and the children God has given me'" (Hebrews 2:11-13, NIV).

That Jesus is not ashamed to regard them as His own brothers (and sisters) shows just how personal this family relationship is. Those who enter the Kingdom of God will share even God's divine nature (2 Peter 1:4) for all eternity.

God will make those who enter His Kingdom fully like Jesus Christ!

The apostle John is explicit: "Behold what manner of love the Father has bestowed on us, that we should be called children of God! . . . Beloved, now we are children of God; and it has not yet been revealed what we shall be, but we know that when He is revealed, we shall be like Him, for we shall see Him as He is" (1 John 3:1-3).

Yes, human beings who enter the Kingdom of God will be given the glorious honor of being like the resurrected, glorified Jesus Christ. "The Spirit itself beareth witness with our spirit, that we are the children of God: And if children, then heirs; heirs of God, and joint-heirs with Christ; if so be that we suffer with him, that we may be also glorified together" (Romans 8:16-17, King James Version).

This is the awesome potential of all who receive eternal life as members of the family God is creating! Being resurrected into God's family as a very child of God, a part of God's own immortal family, is so magnificent that it is futile to try to compare it to anything we have ever known. No amount of trials, suffering and difficulties in this life could ever approach the priceless gift of eternal life as children of God, actually becoming like Jesus Christ. That incredible future is what Christ's message of the Kingdom of God is all about!

#### The reward of the saints

The promised reward of the saints—or salvation, as it is often called occurs at the resurrection from the dead (1 Corinthians 15:50-52). This takes place when Jesus Christ returns at the last trumpet and the kingdoms of the world become "the kingdoms of our Lord and of His Christ" (Revelation 11:15). Those who are resurrected from mortal life to immortality will enter His Kingdom and assist Christ in a 1,000-year reign on earth (Revelation 20:4-6).

The gospel of the Kingdom of God reveals that Jesus Christ will set up His Kingdom on earth with His resurrected saints to give everyone the opportunity for eternal life. God's desire is for everyone to inherit the Kingdom of God, each in his or her own time (2 Peter 3:9; 1 Corinthians 15:20-26).

The true gospel reveals that the saints—the faithful followers of Jesus Christ, who will be resurrected to eternal life at His return—will be actively involved in ruling with Jesus Christ in the Kingdom of God when it is established (Revelation 5:10). Prophecies in the book of Isaiah reveal that Christ will begin working with the people left alive after His return to teach them His ways. The resurrected saints will assist Christ in bringing about complete spiritual and physical healing of the nations (Isaiah 30:20-21; 35:1, 5-6).

Jesus Christ's faithful followers, now given eternal life, will assist Him as kings and priests in the Kingdom of God (Revelation 1:6). They will

become glorified, immortal spirit beings who will live forever (1 Thessalonians 4:14-17; 1 Corinthians 15:42-44; 50-54).

This is God's incredible promise to them: "He who overcomes *shall inherit all things*, and I will be his God and *he shall be My son*" (Revelation 21:7). What does this inheritance include? Hebrews 2:6-8 indicates that our ultimate destiny is to participate in rulership over the entire universe as glorified, immortal sons of God! (To more fully understand the awesome future God has in store for us, request or download our free booklet *What Is Your Destiny?*)

#### A call to action

When we hear and understand the gospel of the Kingdom of God, Jesus expects us to repent and believe the good news about this Kingdom (Mark 1:14-15). His Kingdom is something we must *enter* (Mark 10:23, 25).

Accepting Jesus' command to repent and believe this message, this good news, is the first step. We can turn to God for forgiveness and reconciliation through Jesus Christ and begin to live by the laws of the Kingdom of God as taught by Jesus Christ. Those who refuse to live God's holy way of life will be refused entrance into the Kingdom of God and eternal life (1 Corinthians 6:9-10; Galatians 5:19-21; Ephesians 5:5).

Jesus warned of obstacles that can prevent our entrance into the Kingdom (Matthew 5:20; 19:23-25; Mark 9:47; Luke 18:17; John 3:5). To enter the Kingdom, we must gain a proper outlook—a humble, teachable, child-like attitude—accompanied by real repentance, baptism and the receiving of God's Holy Spirit (Matthew 18:3; John 3:3, 5; Acts 2:38).

If you want to know more about baptism and how your life can change through the help and guidance of God's Holy Spirit, call or write for our free booklets *Transforming Your Life: The Process of Conversion, You Can Have Living Faith* and *The Road to Eternal Life.* This knowledge is vital to your entering the Kingdom of God.

Seeking God's Kingdom must become our highest priority, no matter what the difficulties. Paul said, "We must through many tribulations enter the kingdom of God" (Acts 14:22). Jesus encourages us to overcome these difficulties by keeping the Kingdom of God as our primary goal (Matthew 6:33). He urges us to pray for God's Kingdom to come (Matthew 6:10).

When our lives are devoted to seeking God's Kingdom, our outlook will be like that of the patriarchs as recorded in Hebrews 11. Notice once more these inspiring words about their orientation: "These all died in faith, not having received the promises, but having seen them afar off were assured of them, embraced them, and confessed that they were strangers and pilgrims on the earth . . . Therefore God is not ashamed to be called their God, for He has prepared a city for them" (verses 13, 16).

The patriarchs considered themselves "strangers and pilgrims" because they looked forward to the Kingdom of God. Their lives were centered on that Kingdom, not on their physical, material life.

#### Road map for the Kingdom

One way Christians can enhance their vision of the coming Kingdom of God is by understanding the meaning of God's seven annual festivals. Although most people think of them as only Jewish observances, God made it clear that they are, in reality, *His* festivals (Leviticus 23:2, 4). God gave these special observances to help us understand Christ's part in our salvation and how the Kingdom of God will be established on earth.

In Colossians 2:16-17, Paul referred to these festivals as "a shadow of things to come." Paul and the early Church kept them as *reminders* of the coming Kingdom of God. Even though others criticized the Colossians for the way they observed these days, Paul and the members of the early Church grasped the connection between the purpose of these days and the gospel (1 Corinthians 5:7-8; 11:23-29).

Understanding the meaning of these annual sacred assemblies can help us understand the wonderful message Jesus Christ taught—God's plan for His coming Kingdom and eternal life. If you would like to know more about the annual festivals and God's plan for you, be sure to request our free booklet *God's Holy Day Plan: The Promise of Hope for All Mankind*.

God reveals His wonderful truth to those He is calling now (John 6:44). Jesus Christ said His message would be preached at the end time before His second coming: "And this gospel of the kingdom will be preached in all the world as a witness to all the nations, and then the end will come" (Matthew 24:14).

The United Church of God is committed to proclaiming this message and invites you to follow Jesus Christ's admonition to believe and respond to it. To help any who are genuinely seeking the coming Kingdom of God, we offer a free magazine, *The Good News*. As the name implies, *The Good News* is dedicated to the message Jesus proclaimed. You'll find many articles explaining the teachings of Jesus Christ about the coming Kingdom of God and what you should do to enter that glorious Kingdom. Simply visit our Web site at www.GNmagazine.org or contact our office nearest you for your free subscription.

The message Jesus brought is called, appropriately, the good news—the gospel—of the Kingdom of God. And it really is good news, the most wonderful news imaginable to mankind. Jesus Christ is asking you to believe that good news and "seek first the kingdom of God" (Matthew 6:33). If you do, says Jesus Christ in Luke 12:32, it will be God's pleasure to give you the Kingdom!

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We trace our origins to the Church that Jesus founded in the early first century. We follow the same teachings, doctrines and practices established then. Our commission is to proclaim the gospel of the coming Kingdom of God to all the world as a witness and to teach all nations to observe what Christ commanded (Matthew 24:14; 28:19-20).



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**Personal counsel available:** Jesus commanded His followers to feed His sheep (John 21:15-17). To help fulfill this command, the United Church of God has congregations around the world. In these congregations believers assemble to be instructed from the Scriptures and to fellowship.

The United Church of God is committed to understanding and practicing New Testament Christianity. We desire to share God's way of life with those who earnestly seek to follow our Savior, Jesus Christ.

Our ministers are available to counsel, answer questions and explain the Bible. If you would like to contact a minister or visit one of our congregations, please feel free to contact our office nearest you.

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